## CHAPTER 12 SELF-CHECK

## Be a Crimebuster

Match each word in Column A with the its definition in Column B. Write the letter of the correct definition on the line in Column A.

Column	A	$\mathbf{C}$	olumn B
1.	citizen's arrest	a.	The regular, predictable repetition of crime or of the way crime
			happens usually in a certain area.
2.	police report	b.	A person who saw or can give a first-hand account of a crime.
3.	crimebuster	c.	The number to call in a crime emergency (9ll).
4.	crime stoppers	d.	An obtaining of money illegally by deceiving the public.
5.	high-crime area	e.	A person who is not an acquaintance.
6.	stranger	f.	A neighborhood that has a higher crime rate than is the average.
7.	witness to a crime	g.	An organization in the United States and in Canada that rewards
			citizens who help to solve crimes.
8.	police emergency	h.	An ordinary citizen who helps to prevent or to solve a crime.
	number		
9.	scam	i.	An arrest made by someone who is not a police officer.
10.	crime pattern	j.	A legal record of the crime; written proof that it was told to the
			police.

## CHAPTER 12 REALITY CHECK

## Be a Crimebuster

WRITING	ACTIVITY

Suppose you witnessed a crime being committed. It is important to report a crime as quickly and completely as possible. Read each item below. Write your answers in complete sentences.

ist three things you might be able to tell the police about any car or truck that was used.
ist two other things the police would want to know about the crime.
Tho are you going to call in the case of a crime emergency?
rite the phone number to call the police:
rite the phone number to call for an ambulance:
ist anything else you could do to help a victim.

How good is your memory? Would you make a good witness?

- Look out the window for about 30 seconds (half a minute). Pay attention to people, buildings, and things going on.
- After 30 seconds, try these two memory games: First, make up three questions for your partner. For example, you could ask how many people were at the bus stop, or what kind of car drove by. Second, think of a person or building you both remember. Share with your partner as many details as you can.
- Compare and contrast your descriptions—things that were the same and things that were different.
- Draw conclusions about how people remember and how you can practice to improve your memory.



Name/Date:	
News Article Summary	
Who wrote the article:	
Title of the Article:	
When did the events in the article occur?	
Where did the events occur?	
List all that are named in the article with their titles if given:	
What was the article about?	
They is this article important?	
Why is this article important?	

What did you learn from the article?